

STATE NEWS.

One of the firm of Rice Brothers, commission merchants of Milwaukee, was thrown from his buggy a day or two since, and considerably injured. We most sincerely hope that the accident will not prove serious, as no finer man exists than those composing this firm.—Mr. S. W. Lusk of Stoughton, who was employed on the steamer *Detroit* on the Mississippi river, was captured by guerrillas on the 12th of February, while the boat was taking on cotton at Yazoo City, Miss.—A huge boat is nearly completed at the ship yard, of the Mil. & P. du Chien road, at Prairie du Chien, to be used in the coming season in the interest of the rail road named.—The Grant Co. *Journal* of March 22d says: Mr. Joseph Brown residing near New California in this county, aged about fifty years, having a large family, was found on Friday last near the Fall farm, nearly dead, supposed from freezing. He had been to Platteville on business the day before and left there near dark; his horse came home with the saddle but no bridle, the rider having fallen off in a helpless condition. He died in two hours after being found.—The *Broadhead Independent* says: "Daily meetings are still held at the Congregational Church, with constantly increasing interest. In the afternoon of each day, social meetings are held at the Church, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Kinney, of Janesville, and Rev. J. M. Strong, of Janesville, preaching by the former gentleman.—La Crosse harbor is again free from ice.—The new Universalist Church in Ripon, is in a forward state of completion, and will be ready for occupancy in five or six weeks, or as soon as the plastering can be done, and the seats and desk put up. When finished it will be a very pleasant church, and an ornament to the city.—The interest in the meetings of the Methodist congregation at Ripon is on the increase.—In a scuffle between two boys at a School House near Cato Corners Manitowish Co., on the 6th inst., one of them, Henry McGeeble, drew a knife and stabbed the other, inflicting a severe gash on the arm, and completely severing the exterior muscle.

Montana.

The House bill to establish the territory of Montana (that in which gold is found), provides, in reference to boundaries, as follows: Commencing at a point formed by the intersection of the 27th degree of longitude west from Washington with the 54th degree of north latitude, thence due westward said 54th degree of latitude to a point formed by its intersection with the 34th degree of longitude west from Washington; thence due south along 34th degree of longitude to its intersection with the 41st degree and 30 minutes of north latitude; thence due west along said 41st degree and 30 minutes of north latitude to a point formed by its intersection with the crest of the Rocky mountains; thence following the crest of the Rocky mountains northward till its intersection with the Bitter Root mountains; thence northward along the crest of the Bitter Root mountains to the intersection with the 33rd degree of longitude west from Washington; thence along said 33rd degree of longitude northward to the boundary line of the British possessions; thence eastward along said boundary line to the 27th degree of longitude west from Washington; thence southward along said 27th degree of longitude to the place of beginning.

A Rebel Governor vs. the Rebel Read.

The message of Governor Brown to the Legislature of Georgia, conveyed in extra session on the 10th inst., is a document which, like the recent speech of Governor Vance, shows up some of the inconsistencies of the rebellion in strong colors. We make some extracts from the document. Concerning the enlistment of slaves in the federal service, Governor Brown makes the following admissions, which appear in strange contrast to the oft-repeated declarations of northern secession journals: "The official reports of federal officers are said to show that the enemy has now 50,000 of our slaves employed against us. If these 50,000 able-bodied negroes had been carried into the interior by their owners when the enemy approached the locality where they were employed, and put to work clearing land and making provisions, we should to-day have been 50,000 stronger, and the enemy that much weaker, making a difference of 100,000 in the present relative strength of the parties to the struggle. When a negro man, or the enemy, that sum of gold basis, escapes from the state, upon which the aggregate wealth of the state, upon which the slave should be employed in the production of provisions is also lost, while one laborer, or one more armed man, is added to the strength of the enemy."

IMPORTANT BLESSING.—It seems that poor old Gen. Price, who has not been heard of since he was so badly whipped by our negro troops at Helena last summer, again threatens to take the field. He has issued an address to his men, promising soon to lead them against their "covardly and boasting foes," and prophesying that he and they will retrieve past reverses, recapture lost territory, &c. Gen. Price should not talk in this style. He cannot possibly do what he says he will do. He is stationed somewhere in the southern part of Arkansas with a small force; but matters little whether his force is large or small. We hold firmly the line of the Arkansas River with our garrison and gunboats, and that forms a sufficient barrier against all the rebels south of that stream.

The hero of Lexington has been sufficiently unfortunate in his military career to be appointed Chief of Staff to Gen. Bragg.

The Veracity and Logic of the Milwaukee News.

Editors *GAZETTE*.—After having two weeks for research, it was expected that the *News* would show its good sense by refusing silent, or, if it answered our last article, which consisted mostly of quotations from the writings of Jefferson, made for the purpose of establishing beyond controversy a fact which is admitted by all who know anything about the question, except the *News*, it would do so by citing some authority, or by attempting to point out some error. But even the *News* cannot perform impossibilities, and therefore it does the only thing it can do without injuring its party, and that is to do away, as much as possible, with the whole array of historical evidence by its own unsupported assertion, that the Wisconsin Republicans originated the doctrine of nullification and secession, and that the resolutions of 1850 were not authorized by the teachings of Jefferson. The case with which the *News* thus disposes of history is only equalled by a certain politician who upon being convicted by the record of falsifying history replied by saying:—"That is a lie, now make your next statement." Although the *News* professes to speak "from the record," (a great way from it) yet it has not referred to a single authority in its effort to overthrow the quotations we have made from Jefferson, by a series of equivocations and false assertions which are less excusable since it vilifies the statesman it claims for its leader. But all the untruths uttered by the *News* are not intentional falsehoods. Some of its statements are confused and evidently made without a knowledge of the facts. For instance it says our last article "is an ingenious repetition of the ingenious slanders of Calhoun and his secession associates; slanders which were thoroughly refuted by Jefferson and Madison themselves at the time of their birth." We think it is improbable that the slanders spoken of, were refuted at the time of the birth of either Jefferson or Madison, but if the *News* thinks they were, we should like to have it publish the speeches which those embryo statesmen made on the occasion. If the *News* means that the slanders were refuted by Jefferson and Madison at the time of the birth of the slanders, then it is untrue, because Jefferson had been dead for seven years when the slanders were made. But we have no disposition to pursue the question further. The *News* and its copperhead associates have blown hot and cold long enough on the subject of State Rights. They must now take one side or the other. Let them endorse the Wisconsin resolutions of 1850, or get off from the platform on which they stand and from which they were copied. If the *News* has as much regard for truth as it has for the interests of its party, we should insist upon an answer to each of the following questions: 1st. Are not all the Wisconsin resolutions of 1850, except the last, substantially the same and copied almost literally from the Ky. resolutions of '98, and if not, wherein do they differ? 2d. Is not the last resolution of 1850 copied almost literally from the Ky. resolutions of '99, except that it omits the words "a nullification by those sovereignties," and substitutes in lieu thereof, "a positive defiance of those sovereignties," and if not, wherein do they differ? 3d. Were not the Kentucky resolutions of '99 drawn by the personal and political friends of Jefferson, and in pursuance of his dictation, and has he ever repudiated those resolutions? If so, when and where—give the book and page? 4th. Is the *News* opposed or in favor of the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of '98 and '99, or any of them, and which? 5th. Was it any worse for Republicans to repudiate the decision of the Supreme Court in the *Booth* case, than for Jefferson to do the same thing in the *Bank* case and other cases? 6th. If the *News* was opposed to the Wisconsin resolutions of 1850, then why does it not favor the repealing resolution of 1863? 7th. Is it any worse for Republicans to say that the resolutions of '99 as well as those from which they were copied, have been construed by copperheads in aid of secession, than for the *News* to verify the fact by saying that they contain the doctrine of secession? 8th. Does the *News* agree with the opinions of Jefferson on the question of slavery, as well as it does on the question of State Rights? If the *News* gives a definite answer to each of these questions, there will be no difficulty in determining its status in the future.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

The Young Men's Literary Union meets this evening, at the Common Council Room.

To Rent.—Any one wishing to rent a house will find something to their interest by referring to our advertising columns.

Lost.—A small gold mounted hair cross, more valuable to the owner from the associations connected with it, than for its intrinsic worth. A suitable reward will be paid to the finder upon leaving it at this office.

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING.—A card from Messrs. Hopkins and Smith, in another column, announces their readiness to do anything in the way of painting and paper hanging, and as they are both known to be excellent workmen, we have no doubt they will have their hands full of work.

SENATORIAL DELEGATES.—J. B. Cassaday of this city, and B. F. Carey of Johnston, were appointed to-day, delegates to the State Convention, for this senatorial district. A resolution was adopted declaring Abraham Lincoln the first choice of the convention for next President.

Bounty Meeting.

There will be a meeting at the Court Room on Monday, March 28th, at 7 o'clock in the evening, to consider the question whether the proposed bounty tax shall be raised the present year, or in two or more different years, and also to further consider the question as to the amount of bounty to be paid to each volunteer. Let there be a full meeting.

Christ Church.

At the annual meeting of the congregation of Christ Church Parish, of the city of Janesville, held this day, for the election of Wardens and Vestrymen, H. T. Selby and Hiram Jackson were chosen Wardens, and S. W. Smith, J. J. R. Pease, L. F. Patton, H. Richardson, O. K. Bennett, M. C. Smith and E. Miller Vestrymen.

March 28, 1864.

First Ward.

The Republican Union electors of the First Ward are requested to meet at the House of Washington Engine Company, No. 3, on Tuesday the 29th inst., at two o'clock, P. M., to elect delegates to represent said ward in the Republican Union convention. Also to nominate Ward officers.

By order of Ward Com.

JANESVILLE, MAR. 28, 1864.

FOURTH WARD CAUCUS.—The voters of the Fourth Ward of the city of Janesville who are in favor of supporting the Administration in a vigorous prosecution of the war until the rebellion and the cause thereof are suppressed, are requested to meet at the office of G. Nettleton, in said ward, at one o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, the 29th inst., for the purpose of electing ten delegates to represent said ward in the Republican Union City Convention, to be held in said city, on the 31st inst.; also, to nominate candidates for Aldermen, School Commissioners and Constable of said ward.

E. C. SMITH, } Ward Committee.
J. N. CONROCK, }

Acknowledgment.

U. S. HARVEY GENERAL HOSPITAL, }
MADISON, March 28th, 1864. }

Messrs. Editors.—Allow me to acknowledge through the columns of your paper, the receipt of a donation to the patients of "Harvey" U. S. A. General Hospital, from the patriotic citizens of Milton, Rock County, Wis., consisting of a number of chickens, a box of delicacies and fourteen barrels of potatoes. A more acceptable donation could not have been made, and in behalf of the patients, I most sincerely thank these ladies and gentlemen for thus kindly remembering the sick soldiers of this Hospital.

HOWARD CULBERTSON,
Surgeon, U. S. V., in charge.

Ordinary Resolutions.

At a regular meeting of the Teachers of the Public Schools, in the city of Janesville, held March 26th 1864, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased the Supreme Ruler of the universe, in the disposition of his all-wise providence, to remove from among our number our esteemed friend and co-worker, Mrs. B. Squier, and hidden her to enter the dark "vale and shadow" in the full vigor of life and usefulness, thereby giving renewed evidence of the uncertainty of life and the certainty of death; therefore

Resolved, That yielding with humility and uncomplaining submission to the appointments of our Heavenly Father, we deeply deplore her loss, and respect her memory.

Resolved, That we honor her for her many noble qualities of mind and heart, and for her unwavering zeal and fidelity in the performance of her daily duties. Though destined nevermore to occupy her accustomed place in our midst, the genial influence of her cheerfulness and sociability is still felt among us.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the relations and friends of the deceased. May they be enabled, by the steady burning light of faith, to look beyond the vacant place in the home circle, to the glories of the shining land, which we trust she now beholds with vision unobscured.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased and the same be published in the *Janesville Gazette*.

MISS A. M. PARREY,
MISS M. J. WINGATE, } Com.
MISS M. L. MARTIN, }

Second Ward Caucus.

The Republican and all other Unconditional Union Electors of the 2d Ward of the City of Janesville are requested to meet at No 2's Engine house, on Tuesday, March 29th inst., at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to represent said Ward in the City Convention to be held on the 31st inst., and to nominate Ward officers.

JAS. SUTHERLAND, } Ward Com.
S. J. M. PUTNAM,
H. JACKMAN, }

Dated at Janesville this 28th day of March, 1864.

\$20,000 Bounty.

Messrs. Editors:—It is said if the above bounty is voted, the tax, the present year, will be four per cent. But it should not be forgotten that if not voted the per centage will be three per cent., so that it is not a question of four per cent. or nothing, but of one per cent.

Again, in "Tax Payer's" estimate, he sets down \$9,000 of the former \$24,000 bounty as having to be raised this year, but by a law just passed by the Legislature, the Common Council is authorized to borrow money to pay that bounty, and issue bonds therefor, drawing interest at 7 per cent., payable in one year or ten or more as they may determine.

Again, the impression seems to prevail the \$20,000 must be collected this year. But such is not the case, because Section 5 of the act provides "that if the meeting voted the bounty determined, or shall hereafter determine (at the time of voting) such tax, that the taxes voted for any of the purposes aforesaid shall be collected in two or more different years, then such part thereof as shall have been so determined shall be inserted in the proper assessment roll or rolls for the year 1864, and the residue of said tax or taxes shall be inserted in the assessment rolls of the subsequent year, as determined as aforesaid."

Another section provides that any number of electors "not less than twelve," at the opening of the polls may determine by vote the amount to be raised, and the time when the same shall be collected. By which it will be seen that the impression that the whole amount must be assessed and collected this year is wholly erroneous.

Another Tax Payer.

Union Republican Convention. Pursuant to call, delegates from the several towns comprising Assembly District No. 1, in Rock county, met at the "Ball Tavern," on Saturday, the 25th inst., and organized by electing Z. P. Burdick Chairman, and J. T. Dow Secretary.

Daniel Johnson, Jonathan Cory and Earl Woodbury were appointed a committee on credentials; after which the committee reported the following gentlemen as entitled to seats in the Convention, viz: Porter, J. T. Dow, Earl Woodbury and H. Stubbs.

Center—Jonathan Cory, James Parinley and Andrew Stevens.
Magnolia—S. W. Smith, Jonathan Cook and Fred Barrett.

JANESVILLE—A. W. Pope, John Jones and Z. P. Burdick.

Union—A. Adams, D. Johnson, A. Pierce and H. Spencer.

The Convention then proceeded to elect two delegates to represent said district at the State Convention, to be held at Madison, on the 30th inst.

J. T. Dow, of Porter, and A. W. Pope, of Janesville, were unanimously elected as such delegates.

Moved and carried that the above delegates be empowered to appoint substitutes in case they or either of them do not attend the Madison Convention.

Said delegates being called out, together with others, made brief speeches touching the responsible duties of nominating a candidate to occupy the Presidential chair for the ensuing term. The name of Abraham Lincoln seemed to be the motive power which stirred to life the latent power of political enthusiasm of that loyal body.

Resolved, that Abraham Lincoln be the first choice of this convention for President at the next presidential election, and that the delegates from this Assembly district be requested to use their influence to send delegates to the Baltimore convention who favor his nomination.

On motion of J. T. Dow, a copy of the proceedings of this convention was ordered sent to the *Janesville Gazette* for publication.

J. T. Dow, } Secretary.
Z. P. Burdick, } Chairman.

[Adjourned.]
THE EYE AND EAR.—Those afflicted in either of these delicate organs will do well to avail themselves of the opportunity now offered for obtaining relief by consulting Dr. Gardner, the skillful Oculist and Aurist, who is located at the Newhall House, Milwaukee, but who intends to visit Janesville for one week, commencing on Monday April 11th until Saturday 16th, office at the Hyatt House, after that time will visit as occasion may require.

The doctor brings testimonials of skill and ability in his profession of the highest character from medical men, and also from a number of patients, who unite in bearing unqualified testimony in his favor.

Read his advertisement. mr25dnw8w19.

MISS A. M. PARREY,
MISS M. J. WINGATE, } Com.
MISS M. L. MARTIN, }

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

OUR MORNING DISPATCHES.

Gen. Grant & Staff at Washington.

RE TELEGRAPHS FOR FREMONT.

Rebel Scouts Plans Frustrated.

STORY OF A CAPTURED SCOUT.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The *Herald's* special says Gen. Grant, Ingalls and a few staff officers spent Sunday at the War Dept.

Thirty-two vessels are detained from service awaiting seamen, the war department not allowing transfer from army to navy of a thousand seamen who have made application.

Very few officers are now in Washington, they having been imperatively ordered to the front.

Gen. Grant favors the employment of all inactive generals, and both Fremont and McClellan will soon have commands.

The same authority states that General Grant, after re-organizing the army of the Potomac, will leave for the west again.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Times dispatch.—Gen. Grant states that when the re-organization of the Army of the Potomac is completed it will be the finest army on the continent. It is reported that the President has sent for General Fremont to give him an important command.

FROM LEE'S ARMY.

New York, March 28.—J. A. Paul writes to the *Times* that rebel Stuart had recently made an extensive arrangement for the destruction of O. & A. R. R., but his plans were frustrated by our cavalry under Pleasanton. Col. Bryan succeeded, while watching the movements of the rebels, in capturing over 40 of the enemy; destroyed 4 rebel tanneries full of hides, 4 grist mills, a saw mill, a large number of rafts and boats intended to be used by Stuart in crossing the river.

A rebel scout was captured at Eids Ford who was dressed in Union uniform. On being tried by drum head court martial he stated Lee had given orders to strip all bodies of Union soldiers, and that the only clothing rebels had had for some time was obtained in this way.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

CINCINNATI, March 28.—Mr. Thomas, a prominent merchant, died yesterday. The *Commercial's* Chattanooga dispatch says the rebels are very strong in our front at Dalton, with 3,000 cavalry on this side.

Deserters report Bishop Polk reinforcing Johnston's army.

Longstreet's cavalry, under Gen. Mailen, arrived at Marietta.

Numerous deserters are still coming in from the rear.

Our army is in splendid condition.

A dispatch to the *Gazette* from Fort Smith announces the army of the frontier in motion. There supposed destination is Northern Texas.

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT WATER.—The extent to which water mingles with bodies apparently the most solid, is very wonderful. The glittering opal, which beauty wears as an ornament, is only flat and smooth. Of every twelve hundred tons of earth which a land holder has in his estate, four hundred are water.

The snow capped summits of Snowdon and Ben Nevis have many millions of tons of water in a solidified form. In every plaster of paris statue for sale, there is one pound of water to every four pounds of chalk.

The air we breathe contains five grains of water to each cubic foot of its bulk. The potatoes and the turnips which are boiled for our dinner, have in their raw state, the one seventy five per cent., the other ninety per cent. of water.

If a man weighing ten stone were squeezed out in a hydraulic press, seven and a half stone of water would run out, and only two and a half of dry residue remain. A man is, chemically speaking, four-fifths pounds of carbon and nitrogen, dissolved through five and a half pounds of water. In plants we find water thus mingling no less wonderfully. A sunflower evaporates one and a quarter pints of water a day, and a cabbage about the same quantity.

A wheat plant exudes, in a hundred and seventy-two days, about one hundred thousand grains of water. An acre of grown sand grains of water. An acre of grown sand, on this calculation, draws and passes out about ten tons of water per day. The sap of plants is the medium through which the various fluids is conveyed. It forms a delicate pump, which the particles of water run with the rapidity of a swift stream. By the action of the sap, various properties may be communicated to the growing plant. Timber in France is, for instance, dyed by various colors being mixed with water, and poured over the root of the tree. Dahlias are also colored by a similar process.

WANTED.—Six more good boarders can be accommodated at the house on Court street, first door east of Culver's store.

Enquire of Mr. T. H. Libby.

235mr26d1w

MARRIED.

In this city, March 27th, by Rev. S. C. Burnham, Mr. WILLIAM H. STOKES, 1st Regiment, Veteran, and Miss LUCY TRUNDLE, all of this city.

DIED.

At Milton, Nov. 5th, 1863, of consumption, MARY JANE RICH, daughter of Moses and Clara Rich, aged 22 years, 3 months and 7 days.

She was a faithful daughter, an amiable companion, and a true Christian. Her long and painful sickness was borne without a murmur, and she felt in her last moments the peace of Heaven. With a good education, obtained by a hard struggle, she has left behind a very useful and devoted daughter, who has been a blessing to the family and a comfort to the friends. Her funeral services, on the 28th inst., were held at the residence of her father, Mr. S. C. Burnham, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Horse.—Norton introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, prohibiting slavery in the States and Territories. Referred to Judiciary committee.

On motion of Garfield, a resolution was adopted, calling on the Secretary of War to furnish the House with any information in his possession in reference to claims of service rendered by State troops any time during this war, stating amount of claims and service.

SENATE.—Foster, from committee on claims, reported back favorably the House bill giving \$100 pensions to revolutionary soldiers in addition to present pensions. Passed.

The Senate took up the bill amendatory to the Constitution relative to slavery. Trumbull addressed the Senate at length in favor of the bill.

FROM CAIRO AND BELOW.

CAIRO, March 26.—Reports were numerous in the city this morning concerning a big fight that had taken place at Paducah, and the destruction of the town. The facts as we have obtained them from the best authority, are these:

The rebels after leaving Union City, were joined by another detachment so that their combined forces numbered 6,500 strong. They are reported to have been commanded by Forrest himself. With this force he made a dash into Paducah at 1 P. M., of the 25th. The place was defended by Colonel Hickey, with about 800 men in all. There was also two gunboats in the river. Immediately after the enemy opened the town, their sharpshooters, sheltered by houses commenced to pick off our men in the fort, and the gunboats immediately opened upon the town. The inhabitants left it as quickly as possible, most of them crossing over the river.

The fight lasted from 1 P. M. till midnight, during which time Col. Hickey and his brave band displayed great gallantry, and were materially aided by the gunboats, when the rebels, having lost several hundred in killed and wounded, were compelled to retire. Our troops being protected by fortifications, our loss was comparatively light.

It was expected that the fight would be renewed this morning, but reinforcements have been sent from this place, which are known to have reached there, and no fear is entertained of the result. Supplies have also been sent. A large number of houses have been burned and considerable property destroyed. This could not be avoided, as the enemy occupied the houses. They could be driven out only by destroying the buildings that sheltered them.

The fight was severe, and the conduct of the Union forces, both officers and men, was all that could be desired.

The rebel Col. Thompson was killed. His head was taken off by a cannon ball. There is a rumor that several women and children were killed, but it is perhaps exaggerated.

A portion of our forces were regular troops, and fought splendidly, working the siege guns admirably.

Our loss, as reported, was 12 killed and 40 wounded. The rebels acknowledge 300 killed, and 1,000 wounded.

The heavyartillery and Quartermaster's buildings were burned by the enemy. They sent in a day of truce at three separate times, demanding an unconditional surrender. The gallant Colonel in command replied that he could not see surrender.

The rebels were commanded by Forrest, Buckner and Thompson, the latter of whom was killed. Their whole force numbered more than 6,000. At last accounts they had retired on Mayfield. Our

AN INCIDENT.—An affecting scene is described as having taken place at a crossing in the city of Jamestown, N. D., one day last week, when a young girl, a little more than a year old, was crossing the street, and a horse-drawn carriage, driven by a man, was passing her. The driver, seeing the child, stopped the horse, and the child, seeing the horse, ran towards it. The driver, seeing the child, stopped the horse, and the child, seeing the horse, ran towards it. The driver, seeing the child, stopped the horse, and the child, seeing the horse, ran towards it.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GET YOUR CLOTHES MADE

AT THE FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

—OR—

ECHLIN & FOOTE!

Their Garments

FIT WELL! WEAR WELL!

And Give Good Satisfaction!

235 North Main

AS USUAL

THE FIRST NEW GOODS

In the city this season. We have this day received 10

packages of

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings!

—OR—

GENTS' WEAR!

which far surpass anything of the kind ever received by

us, all of which will be

SOLD AT OLD PRICES!

Gents wanting anything in this line of our business

cannot fail to be satisfied at the first look, for they are

AHEAD OF ANY GOODS

of the kind ever brought to this city. Also a large line

of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

for Military purposes. Gentlemen requiring anything in

this line are requested to give us a call.

We Can Beat the World on Good Fits!

For the proof of this we give you the entire com-

pany's stock. ECHLIN & FOOTE.

DISEASES

OF THE

EYE AND EAR!

DR. GARDNER,

Graduate of the London, B. G. O. Ophthalmic Institute,

OCULIST AND AURIST!

Operator on the Eye and Ear, respectfully informs the

citizens of JAMESTOWN AND VICINITY, that he

will visit Jamestown one week, commencing on

Monday, April 11, until Saturday, 16th.

Office at the Hotel House. After that time will visit

Jamestown as occasion may require, and can be

consulted daily at 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. at the Hotel

House, or at the residence of Mr. J. Gardner, 10

North Main Street, or at the residence of Mr. J. Gardner, 10

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DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

SPLENDID STYLES

AT LOW PRICES!

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LEGAL.

CITY TAX SALE.—Notice is here-

by given that the undersigned, Sheriff of the

City of Jamestown, N. D., will sell at public

sale, on the 24th day of April, 1894, at 10 o'clock

a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

Lot 1, Block 1, of the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and

adjoining the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

to-wit: Lot 1, Block 1, of the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and

adjoining the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

to-wit: Lot 1, Block 1, of the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

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containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and

adjoining the city of Jamestown, N. D.,

to-w

PATENT TRADEMARK.

\$100 REWARD!

FOR A FEVER THAT WILL CURE
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH,
Or HAY FEVER CONSUMPTIVE COUGH

AS QUICK AS

CAGE'S

COUGH BALSA

—

Over Five Thousand Bottles have been sold in this town, and not a single instance of its failure known. We have, in our possession, many certificates, some of them from eminent Physicians who have used it in their practice, and given its pre-eminence over any other compound.

It does not Dry up a Cough,

and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its action, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable in its composition. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

IN CASES OF CROUP,

we will guarantee a cure if taken in season. Not only so, but without it. It is within the reach of the price being

Only Twenty-Five Cents

and if an investment and thorough trial do "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and confident that one trial will secure for it a home in household.

DO NOT WASTE AWAY WITH COUGH

when so small an investment will cure you. I have but of any respectable Druggist in town, who furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates cures it has made.

C. C. CLARK & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
New Haven, Conn., Proprietors.

For sale by Druggists in city, country and
where. LOUIS SMITH, Wholesale Druggist,
Lake street, Chicago, (near Western Ave.)
Detailed in Knoxville by TALLMAN & CO.,
C. B. COLWELL, DR. RIDER, and Druggists
city. nov14dwt

FRANKLIN BLUE COLORE

Patented October 13, 1863.

Black,
Black for Silk,
Black for Hair,
Light Blue,
Pink Blue,
Chalk Brown,
Dark Brown,
Light Brown,
Sandy Brown,
Chestnut,
Crimson,
Dark Green,
Light Green,
Flaxen Drab,
Lilac Drab,



Dark Green,
Light Green,
Violet,
White,
Crimson,
Pink,
Purple,
Rose Red,
Slate Blue,
Cerulean,
Navy Blue,
Sage Green,
Lavender,
Cyan,

For Dyeing Silk, Wool, Cotton, and all kinds of Goods.

Feathers, Kid Gloves, Children's Clothing
and all kinds of Wearing Apparel

A Saving of 80 Per Cent.

For 25 cents you can color as many goods as
otherwise cost five times that sum. You save the
trouble to produce from the same dye. The process is
easy and any one can use the dye with perfect suc-
cess in English, French and German, the latest
fashions.

For further information in Preigs, and giving
test knowledge what colors are best adapted to
others, with many valuable recipes has been
compiled with this dye. Color-
ing. E mail on receipt of price—10 cents.

Manufactured by **HOWE & STEEVE**
224 Broadway, New York

For sale by druggists and dealers in
household goods

E. A. BENSON
PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN
SHEET MUSIC
and all kinds of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Sole agent for
Haines & Bro's' Celebrated Piano
Also Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Fifes, Clar-

All kind of Musical Instruments Rep
 No. 105, Randolph St., Chicago
 6-11133m

SELLING OUT AT COST!
GREAT BARGAINS OF
MEN AND BOYS'
HATS AND CAPS

With a view to closing out my present stock
at a reasonable rate and cage, I will for 12 days

SELL AT NEW YORK CO

No humbug, positively at cost
Feb. 14/33a CHRISTIAN BROWN
Four doors west of Post O

J. A. WEBB & CO.,
Are Now Receiving
LARGE ADDITION

to their stock of

**Watches,
Jewelry,
Clocks,
Solid Silver Ware**

Also a large assortment of

REVOLVERS!

Our assortment of Fine Goods was never before so complete. Call and See for Yourself.

255m101H J. A. WEBB & CO.
Luppin's Corn

SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORY

JANESVILLE, WIS.

Office at Griswold's Tin Shop, opposite the
House.

Mottled and other Soaps of superior quality
rinsed wash in cold water. These soaps
will not stain any delicate matter, but
will wash flannels and not shrink them, or the
delicate fabrics without stain.

PURE TALLOW CANDLES

of the best quality, all for the lowest living price.

Will exchange Soap or Candles for Wood, Tallow

MACHINE OIL of the very
quality, can be had at the sign of the
Mortar, Main street. au27dt O. B. COLWELL

\$100 REWARD!
BAR & M BROTHERS WILL CURE

COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPIING COUGH,
Or BRONCH CONSUMPTIVE COU &
AS QUICK AS

COUGH'S

COUGH BALSAM

Over Five Thousand Bottles have been sold in its na-
tive town, and not a single instance of its failure is
known. We have in our possession, any quantity of
certificates, some of them from unlearned Physicians,
who have used it in their practice, and given it the
re-commendation over any other compound.

It does not Dry up a Cough,
but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expec-
torate freely. Two or three doses will invariably cure

choking in the throat. A half bottle has often com-
pletely cured the most

[STUBBORN COUGH,

and yet, though it is so acute and greedy in its op-
eration, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable.
It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be adminis-
tered to children of any age.

IN CASES OF CROUP,

we will guarantee a cure if taken in season. No fami-
ly should be without it. It is within the reach of all
the price being

Only Twenty-Five Cents

and if an investment and thorough trial does not
"back up" the above statement, the money will be re-
funded. We say this, knowing the merits, and feel con-
fident that one trial will secure for it a home in every
household.

DO NOT WASTE AWAY WITH COUGHING

when so small an investment will cure you. It may be hard if you suspect a cheap cough medicine, who will furnish you with a certificate of genuine certificates of cure of his trade.

C. F. CHARN & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
New Haven, Conn., Frothingham.

For sale by Druggists in city, country and every-where. **LORD & SMITH, Wholesale Druggists, No. 29**
Lake street, Chicago, Gen'l Western Agents.

Retailed in **JANESVILLE by TALLMAN & COLLINS,**
C. B. COLWELL, DR. RIDER, and Druggists generally.
northwinds

FRANKLY DYE COLORS

[illegible]

Scarf, Dress, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats,
Footlets, Kid Gloves, Children's Clothing,
and all kinds of Wearing Apparel

A Saving of 50 Per Cent.

For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same dye. The process is simple, and any one can use the dye with perfect success. Directions in English, French and German, inside of each package.

For further information in dyeing, and giving a perfect knowledge of what colors are best adapted to different materials, (with many valuable hints) send for our new book on dyeing and coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 cents.



Manufactured by **DOWE & STEVENS,**
230 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally. *decl:win*

E. A. BENSON!
PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN
SHEET MUSIC!
and all kinds of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!
Sole agent for
Haines & Bro's' Celebrated Piano Fortes.
Also Violins, Guitars, Bangle, Flutes, Fifes, Clarinets,
Drums, Bagels, Cornets, and all kinds of Brass Instru-
ments, &c.
All kind of Musical Instruments Repaired.

No. 105, Randolph St., Chicago.
Feb. 22/02

SELLING OUT AT COST!

 **GREAT BARGAINS OF** 

MEN AND BOYS'

HATS AND CAPS!

SPRING STYLES OF 1864.

With a view to clearing out our present stock of Goods

which is view to giving away the stock of the
 ionable hours and copy, it will for 15 days

SELL AT NEW YORK COST!

No humbug, positively at cost!
 (extra)

CHRISTIAN BROWN,
 Four doors west of Post Office.

J. A. WEBB & CO.,
 Are Now Receiving
LARGE ADDITIONS
 to their stock of

Watches,
Jewelry,
Clocks,
Solid Silver Ware, &c.

Also a large assortment of

REVOLVERS!

Our assortment of Fine Goods was never better.

Call and See for Yourselves!!

J. A. WEBB & CO.,
Lapin's Corner.
226m100:f

SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORY!
Jamesville, Wis..
 Office at Gradow's The Shop, opposite the Hyatt House.
 Scented and other Soaps of superior quality, warranted to wash in hot or cold water. These soaps are unimpaired with any deleterious matter whatever; will wash linens and not shrink them, or the most delicate fabrics without stain.
PURE TALLOW CANDLES
 of the best quality, all for the lowest living profit.
 Will exchange Soap or Candles for Wood, Tallow and Grease, or manufacture Tallow into Candles.
 Respectfully Wm. M. STEELE;
GRASSHOPPER OIL OF THE VERY best